## Building stronger national responses to AIDS - the role of the



The Experience Exchange Conference of International Cooperation Programs on AIDS Prevention in China

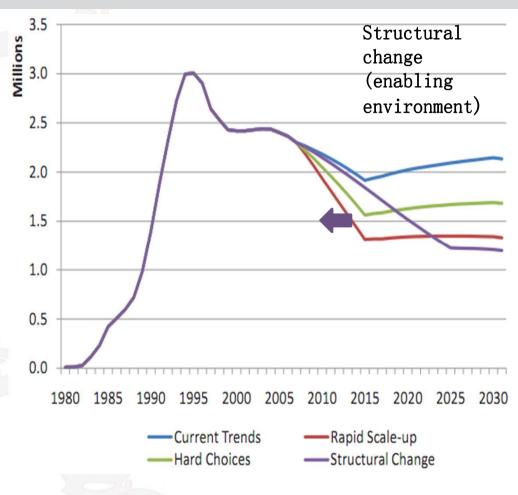
Qianmen Jianguo Hotel, Beijing
11 November, 2013

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### Why the law matters



- Science, tools to transform HIV, exist but is not sufficient
- Evidence from the AIDS 2031 report shows that between
  - Hard choices on who to treat
  - Rapid scale up
  - Legal and policy change
- Structural change most effective
- Law and policy change is not a magic bullet in itself, but is most cost effective and underutilized tools
- Structural change (enabling legal environment) also facilitates access to law reform by people most at risk of / vulnerable to HIV

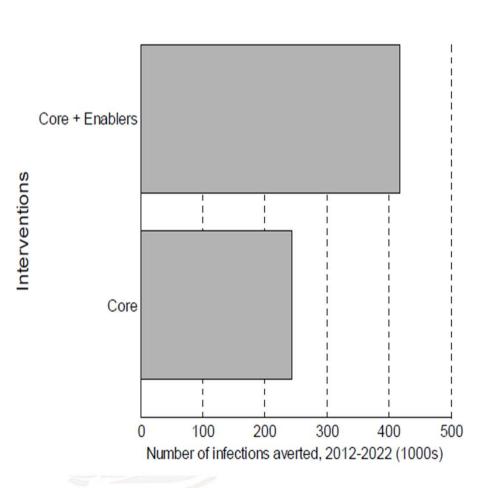


Source: Cost and Finance Working Group, aids2031 (across 139 countries)

# The Opportunity with Critical Enablers



Critical enablers such as the law can contribute significantly to reducing HIV incidence for a relatively low cost



The Lancet 2011; 377:2031-2041

# Global Commission Report - "Risks, Rights & Health"



#### Key Messages:

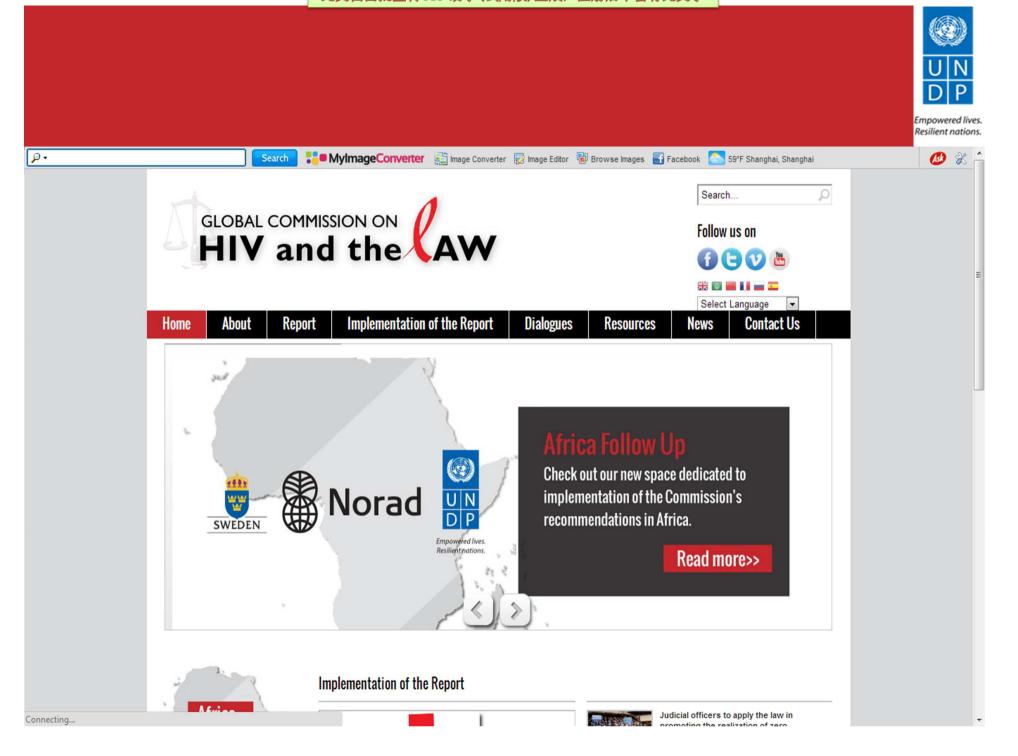
- 1. Epidemic of inappropriate laws is fueling the spread of HIV, resulting in human rights violations and costing lives.
- 2. Such laws are wasting money & limiting effectiveness and efficiency of HIV and health investments.
- 3. Good laws and practices that protect human rights and build on public health evidence already exist
  they strengthen the global AIDS response, and they must be replicated.

# What have we doing with the recommendations of GCHL in Africa?



- Supporting national legal environment assessments to inform legislative reform in 51 countries
- Supporting Legislative reform e.g.: laws related to key populations and women + IP & Treatment access
- Supporting National dialogue & action planning on HIV and the Law in 20 countries
- Supporting the conducting of Conducting regional and national sensitization for the judiciary, legislature (parliamentarians) and law enforcement agencies.
- Knowledge/capacity building products (www.hivlawcommission.org)

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### GCHL Follow-up in Africa



#### National level support:

- Legal Environment Assessment
- National Dialogues on HIV and the Law
- Nationally agreed Action Plans
- Law reform and work to strengthen access to justice and law enforcement.

#### **Regional** level support:

- Strengthen capacity of civil society to advocate for evidence informed and human rights-based legal environment and
- Work in partnership with the African Union Commission (AUC) to strengthen the capacity and engagement of Member States and key RFCs.

And this links to:  $\rightarrow$ 



- 1. African Union Roadmap for Shared Responsibility and Global Solidarity for addressing AIDS, TB and Malaria in Africa (adopted 2012)
- 2. UNDP Global initiative to follow up GCHL recommendations (2012 ongoing)
- 3. Results under UNDPs new Strategic Plan (2014-2017)
- 4. Strategy for regional work on HIV and AIDS, sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) and on the human rights of lesbian, gay, bisexual and transsexual (LGBT) persons in sub-Saharan Africa.
- 5. African Cities and HIV Initiative for Key Populations
- 6. African Initiative to strengthen gender and HIV sensitive Environmental Assessment

### How has that helped? Case Study Malawi



- HIV/AIDS Bill in Malawi 2008 with provisions that were being debated across society, which included compulsory testing of all pregnant women and sex workers, and criminalisation of HIV transmission.
- LEA conducted by the Dept. of Nutrition & HIV/AIDS (Office of the President of Malawi) with support from UNDP in 2012 – with increased dissemination of the report, discussions on the provisions, etc.

# Intermediate results that we are seeing in Malawi



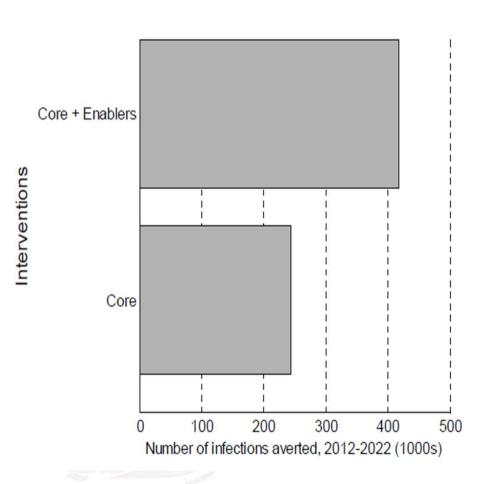
- HIV policy and Strategy
   revised (explicitly
   acknowledge the promotion and
   protection of rights from a
   public health angle)
- Moratorium on arresting MSMs;
- Statements from the government supportive of the human rights of MSM, Sex Workers.
- Weekly media report/documentary in the (Nation Newspaper) on minority rights.

- Dialogue on child marriage, which is going to be important in the context of the marriage bill.
- The Ministry of Justice revised the 2008 draft HIV prevention and management bill without contentious provisions validated on 3<sup>rd</sup> October.
- High Court of Malawi have given a notice to organisations to appear as amici on "sodomy laws" (today), civil society organisations have applied to be amici

# The Opportunity with Critical Enablers in Asia



Critical enablers such as the law can contribute significantly to reducing HIV incidence for a relatively low cost



The Lancet 2011; 377:2031-2041

### Chinese context



- National Administrative Regulations on HIV/AIDS Prevention and Control (2006) – good but implementation a challenge
- Conflicts between national and provincial regulations
- Discriminatory national practices (i.e. civil service employment examination).
- Overruled by national <u>laws</u> on public security like anti-sex work or drug use and trafficking laws
- High levels of police brutality and violence against FSWs and IDUs in some provinces
- Stigma and discrimination and law enforcement impede key populations from accessing treatment and prevention services.

#### Review Process and Focus



- Joint National Law Review Report with Renmin University
- High-level national consultation as part of the next China Red Ribbon Forum

How does the Chinese legal environment (law, regulations, law enforcement and access to justice) influence:

- 1. HIV prevention, treatment and care access and quality
- 2. Social support for people affected by the epidemic
- 3. Human rights protection and promotion
- 4. Efficiencies and effectiveness of HIV investments

# Strengthening access to justice and legal empowerment of key populations:



- Expanding legal-aid services in Yunnan Daytop legal aid initiative
- Partnership with Yunnan's Bar Association to train local lawyers and law students on HIV and human rights
- National consultation on legal-aid for PLHV and key populations (November 2013)
- Establishment national network of independent legal-aid service providers
- Law reform and access to justice central in new UNAIDS UBRAF work-plan for 2014-2015 biennium in China

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